On Closedness of some permutative posemigroup identities

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As we know that all non-trivial permutation identities are not preserved under epimorphisms of partially ordered semigroups. In this paper towards this open problem, first we show that certain non-trivial identities in conjunction with the permutation identity $z_1 z_2 \cdots z_n = z_{i_1} z_{i_2} \cdots z_{i_n}$ $(n \ge 2)$ with $i_n \ne n$ $[i_1 \ne 1]$ are preserved under epimorphisms of partially ordered semigroups. Further, we extend a result of Ahanger and Shah which showed that the center of a partially ordered semigroup S is closed in S and show that the normalizer of any element of a partially ordered semigroup S is closed in S.

Theorem 1. All non trivial identities of the form $z_1^{p_1} z_2^{p_2} \cdots z_r^{p_r} = z_1'^{q_1} z_2'^{q_2} \cdots z_{r'}'^{q_{r'}}$, where $p_1, p_2, \ldots, p_r, q_1, q_2, \ldots, q_{r'} > 0$, are preserved under epis of posemigroups in conjunction with the permutation identity (2.1) with $i_n \neq n$ $[i_1 \neq 1]$.

Definition 1. A semigroup S is said to be permutative if S satisfies a permutation identity

$$z_1 z_2 \cdots z_n = z_{i_1} z_{i_2} \cdots z_{i_n},\tag{1}$$

where *i* is a non trivial permutation of the set $\{1, 2, ..., n\}$ and $i_1, i_2, ..., i_n$ are the images of 1, 2, ..., n under the permutation *i* respectively. A posemigroup *S* is said to be a permutative if it is so as a semigroup.

Theorem 2. Following type of non trivial identities are preserved under epis of posemigroups in conjunction with any permutation identity (1) with $i_n \neq n$ $[i_1 \neq 1]$

Theorem 3. Let S be any posemigroup and $a \in S$. Then N(a) is closed in S.