

THE RELATION BETWEEN  $T_0$ -TOPOLOGIES WITH THE WEIGHT  $2^{n-2} < k \leq 2^{n-1}$  ON  $n$ -ELEMENT SET AND  $T_0$ -TOPOLOGIES CLOSE TO THE DISCRETE ON  $(n - 1)$ -ELEMENT SET

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It is common to speak that the topology on  $n$ -element set  $X$  has the weight  $k$  (or it belongs to  $k$ -class), if the topology contains  $k$  elements. Let us designate the minimum neighborhood of the element  $a \in X$  by  $M_a$ . The concept of the vector of the topology (the nondecreasing sequence of the reduced by 1 powers of the minimum neighborhoods of all elements of  $X$ ) have been introduced in [3]. In the work [3] the theorem on three types of the vectors of  $T_0$ -topologies with the weight  $2^{n-1} < k \leq 2^n$  (close to the discrete topologies) has been proved:

1.  $(0, \dots, 0, \alpha_n)$ ,  $1 \leq \alpha_n \leq n - 1$ ;
2.  $(\underbrace{0, \dots, 0}_k, 1, \dots, 1)$ ,  $1 \leq k \leq n - 2$ , and  $\bigcap_{m=k+1}^n M_m = \{y\}$ ;
3.  $(0, \dots, 0, 1, 1)$ ,  $M_{n-1} \cap M_n = \emptyset$ .

If  $T_0$ -topology on  $n$ -element set induces close to the discrete  $T_0$ -topology on some  $(n - 1)$ -element set, then such topologies are called consistent.

The fact that  $T_0$ -topologies with the vectors  $(0, \dots, 0, \alpha_{n-1}, \alpha_n)$ ,  $1 \leq \alpha_{n-1} \leq n - 2$ ,  $2 \leq \alpha_n \leq n - 1$  (consistent with the close to discrete topologies of the first type) have weight  $2^{n-2} < k \leq 2^{n-1}$  has been shown in [4]. The obtained results connected with the enumeration of  $T_0$ -topologies and the calculation of  $T_0$ -topologies in the individual classes have been compared with the results [1], [2].

$T_0$ -topologies with the weight  $2^{n-2} < k \leq 2^{n-1}$ , which are consistent with the close to discrete topologies of the second and the third types have been considered in this paper. The following facts have been proved: these topologies do not form new classes, and such topologies are contained in the same classes as  $T_0$ -topologies with vectors  $(0, \dots, 0, \alpha_{n-1}, \alpha_n)$ .

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