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We present some transversality results for a category of Fréchet manifolds, the so-called  $MC^k$ -Fréchet manifolds. In this context, we apply the obtained transversality results to construct the degree of nonlinear Fredholm mappings by virtue of which we prove a rank theorem, an invariance of domain theorem and a Bursuk-Ulam type theorem.

We refer to [1, 2] for the basic definitions and result regarding  $MC^k$ -Fréchet manifolds. We assume that  $E, F$  are Fréchet spaces and  $\mathcal{U} \subseteq E$  is an open subset, also that  $M, N$  are  $MC^k$ -Fréchet manifolds.

**Theorem 1** (Transversality Theorem). *Let  $\varphi : M \rightarrow N$  be an  $MC^k$ -mapping,  $k \geq 1$ ,  $S \subset N$  an  $MC^k$ -submanifold and  $\varphi \pitchfork S$ . Then,  $\varphi^{-1}(S)$  is either empty or  $MC^k$ -submanifold of  $M$  with*

$$(T_x\varphi)^{-1}(T_yS) = T_x(\varphi^{-1}(S)), \quad x \in \varphi^{-1}(S), \quad y = \varphi(x).$$

*If  $S$  has finite co-dimension in  $N$ , then  $\text{codim}(\varphi^{-1}(S)) = \text{codim } S$ . Moreover, if  $\dim S = m < \infty$  and  $\varphi$  is an  $MC^k$ -Lipschitz-Fredholm mapping of index  $l$ , then  $\dim \varphi^{-1}(S) = l + m$ .*

**Theorem 2** (The Parametric Transversality Theorem). *Let  $A$  be a manifold of dimension  $n$ ,  $S \subset N$  a submanifold of finite co-dimension  $m$ . Let  $\varphi : M \times A \rightarrow N$  be an  $MC^k$ -mapping,  $k \geq \{1, n - m\}$ . If  $\varphi$  is transversal to  $S$ ,  $\varphi \pitchfork S$ , then the set of all points  $x \in M$  such that the mappings*

$$\varphi_x : A \rightarrow N, \quad (\varphi_x(\cdot) := \varphi(x, \cdot))$$

*are transversal to  $S$ , is residual in  $M$ .*

**Theorem 3** (Rank theorem for  $MC^k$ -mappings). *Let  $\varphi : \mathcal{U} \subseteq E \rightarrow F$  be an  $MC^k$ -mapping,  $k \geq 1$ . Suppose  $u_0 \in \mathcal{U}$  and  $D\varphi(u_0)$  has closed split image  $\mathbf{F}_1$  with closed complement  $\mathbf{F}_2$  and split kernel  $\mathbf{E}_2$  with closed complement  $\mathbf{E}_1$ . Also, assume  $D\varphi(\mathcal{U})(E)$  is closed in  $F$  and  $D\varphi(u)|_{\mathbf{E}_1} : \mathbf{E}_1 \rightarrow D\varphi(u)(E)$  is an  $MC^k$ -isomorphism for each  $u \in \mathcal{U}$ . Then, there exist open sets  $\mathcal{U}_1 \subseteq \mathbf{F}_1 \oplus \mathbf{E}_2$ ,  $\mathcal{U}_2 \subseteq E$ ,  $\mathcal{V}_1 \subseteq F$ , and  $\mathcal{V}_2 \subseteq F$  and there are  $MC^k$ -diffeomorphisms  $\phi : \mathcal{V}_1 \rightarrow \mathcal{V}_2$  and  $\psi : \mathcal{U}_1 \rightarrow \mathcal{U}_2$  such that*

$$(\phi \circ \varphi \circ \psi)(f, e) = (f, 0), \quad \forall (f, e) \in \mathcal{U}_1.$$

**Theorem 4** (Invariance of domain for Lipschitz-Fredholm mappings). *Let  $\varphi : M \rightarrow N$  be an  $MC^k$ -Lipschitz-Fredholm mapping of index zero,  $k > 1$ . If  $\varphi$  is locally injective, then  $\varphi$  is open.*

**Definition 5.** Let  $\varphi : M \rightarrow N$  be a non-constant closed Lipschitz-Fredholm mapping with index  $l \geq 0$  of class  $MC^k$  such that  $k > l + 1$ . We associate to  $\varphi$  a degree, denoted by  $\deg \varphi$ , defined as the non-oriented cobordism class of  $\varphi^{-1}(q)$  for some regular value  $q$ . If  $l = 0$ , then  $\deg \varphi \in \mathbb{Z}_2$  is the number modulo 2 of preimage of a regular value.

**Theorem 6** (Bursuk-Ulam Theorem). *Let  $\varphi : \bar{U} \rightarrow F$  be a non-constant closed Lipschitz-Fredholm mapping of class  $MC^2$  with index zero, where  $U \subseteq F$  is a centrally symmetric and bounded. If  $\varphi$  is odd and for  $u \in \bar{U}$  we have  $u \notin \varphi(\partial \bar{U})$ . Then  $\deg(\varphi, 0_F) \equiv 1 \pmod{2}$ .*

## REFERENCES

- [1] Eftekharinasab Kaveh. Sard's theorem for mappings between Fréchet manifolds. *Ukr. Math. J.*, 62(11): 1896–1905, 2011.
- [2] Eftekharinasab Kaveh. Transversality and Lipschitz-Fredholm maps. *Zb. Pr. Inst. Mat. NAN Ukr.*, 12(6)6 : 89–104, 2015.