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Analogue of the Sylvester-Cayley formula for invariants of n -ary form

The number $\nu_{n,d}(k)$ of linearly independent homogeneous invariants of degree k for the n -ary form of degree d is calculated. The following formula holds

$$\nu_{n,d}(k) = \sum_{s \in \mathcal{W}} (-1)^{|s|} c_{n,d}(k, (\rho - s(\rho))^*),$$

where \mathcal{W} is the Weyl group of the Lie algebra sl_n , $(-1)^{|s|}$ is the sign of the element $s \in \mathcal{W}$, $\rho = (1, 1, \dots, 1)$ is half the sum of the positive roots of \mathfrak{sl}_n , the weight λ^* is the unique dominant weight on the orbit $\mathcal{W}(\lambda)$ and $c_{n,d}(k, (m_1, m_2, \dots, m_{n-1}))$ is the number of non-negative integer solutions of the system of equations

$$\begin{cases} 2\omega_1(\alpha) + \omega_2(\alpha) + \dots + \omega_{n-1}(\alpha) = dk - m_1, \\ \omega_1(\alpha) - \omega_2(\alpha) = m_2, \\ \dots \\ \omega_{n-2}(\alpha) - \omega_{n-1}(\alpha) = m_{n-1}, \\ |\alpha| = k. \end{cases}$$

Here $I_{n,d} := \{\mathbf{i} = (i_1, i_2, \dots, i_{n-1}) \in \mathbb{Z}_+^{n-1}, |\mathbf{i}| \leq d\}$, $|\mathbf{i}| := i_1 + \dots + i_{n-1}$, $N = \binom{d+n-1}{d}$, $\alpha := (\alpha_{j_1}, \alpha_{j_2}, \dots, \alpha_{j_N})$, $\mathbf{j}_k \in I_{n,d}$, $\omega_r(\alpha) = \sum_{\mathbf{i} \in I_{n,d}} i_r \alpha_{\mathbf{i}}$,

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